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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|-----------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/655,482 | 09/04/2003 | Wei-Chih Wang | UNIV0185 | 5872 |

7590

02/23/2006

LAW OFFICES OF RONALD M. ANDERSON
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EXAMINER

HORWAT, JENNIFER A

ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER

3737

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | | | |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Office Action Summary | Application No. 10/655,482 | Applicant(s) WANG ET AL. | |
| | Examiner Jennifer Horwat | Art Unit 3737 | |

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 September 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-58 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-58 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 04 September 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

- | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) |
| 3) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>1/26/2004</u> . | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ |

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed on 1/26/2004 is in compliance with 37 CFR 1.97-1.98 and all references therein have been considered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-5, 8-24, 27-40, 42-45, 47-56, 58 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Boppart, et al (US 6485413). Boppart discloses an apparatus for displaying an image (figure 4b) with a light source (col 2, line 43) of an optical fiber, a substrate (col 15, line 16), a piezoelectric cantilever (col 11, lines 59-60) that is fixed on one end and is free to move on the other in response to an actuator (col 5, line 7), and a position sensor for detecting position of the cantilever and the optical fiber and instructs the control computer as to the desired position (col 13, lines 34-38). The position sensor comprises a fiber bundle displacement sensor (fig. 5b). The optical fiber is attached to the cantilever (figure 4c, elements 58 and 94) wherein the cantilever serves

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as a waveguide. A detector is used to generate a signal in response to detected light (col 2, line 45). A focusing gradient index lens (GRIN) is attached at the free end of the cantilever (figures 4a-4f). The light source comprises white light and a tunable optical filter (col 6, line 11) is used to provide color spectrum including either grating filters or prisms (col 6, line 25). The use of a prism inherently provides a plurality of color elements. The device is of a size and structure that it may be enclosed in a variety of medical devices by a flexible sheath, such as an endoscope (col 28, line 52) or a biopsy tool (figure 27). Waveguides are commonly made of silicon-based material, such as silicon oxide (col 34, line 46). The cantilever, which is referred to as the fiber/lens unit, is capable of moving at very high lateral velocities and may be displaced at its resonant frequency (col 13, lines 12-27). The biopsy tool has a very small blade with a diameter of 1-5 mm, and the imaging device may be placed within the biopsy blade (col 38, lines 18-26). Therefore, at least two dimensions of the device, such as height and width, would be contained within this diameter making it less than the 1-5 mm of the cylindrical blade. Additionally, Boppart discloses that using a phased array allows the angle that may be scanned over to be determined and the far-field pattern (col 13, lines 56-58). The imaging may include a variety of embodiments including photon imaging systems (col 4, line 43).

Claims 8 and 27 are merely a product by process claim and therefore the process by which by which the cantilever is formed does not add any limitation to the structure of the cantilever itself.

Boppart teaches all the structures as set forth above. The method concerning the steps of forming and using the device are considered inherently taught by the disclosure.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 6, 7, 25, 26, 41, 46, and 57 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boppart in view of Bennett (US 5209117~~4~~). Boppart, as discussed above, substantially discloses the invention as claimed. However, Boppart fails to disclose that the cantilever used in the system is tapered. Bennett discloses micromachined cantilever beams for sensors built on substrates and teaches that "rectangular cantilever beams display inferior performance to tapered cantilever beams" (col 3, lines 4-5) and that tapered cantilever beams absorb more elastic energy than rectangular cantilever beams and allow for a greater deflection in response to movement, vibration, or acceleration. It is therefore inherent that the vibrational characteristics of a beam are dependent on the structure of the beam itself. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the disclosure of Boppart in view of the teaching of a tapered cantilever by Bennett, as Bennett clearly states that rectangular cantilevers are inferior to tapered ones.

Conclusion

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jennifer Horwat whose telephone number is (571) 272-2811. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7-5:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (571) 272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

jah
2/16/2006


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